Victorian Forts Plymouth 1

Crownhill Fort

 Commenced
 1862

 Completed
 1869

 Cost
 £ 76,409

Map Reference SX 487/592

Position North Eastern Defences

Type Land front, polygonal

Ditch Dry

Guns 32 on ramparts, 15 in caponiers

Barrack Accom. built for 300 men

Present use Landmark Trust, some areas

rented out as work units - open to

History visitors. WW1 recruitment &

transit depot, later HQ Plymouth

Disposal Garrison R.E. 1985/6

Condition Good, parts still under restoration

Access By arrangement with Landmark

Trust

Sources *Crownhill Fort* D.Moore & P. Cobb

Armament

Constructed for 32 guns

1893

7 x 64pr. R.M.L. 11 x 7-inch R.B.L. 14 x 32pr. S.B.B.L.

movable - 6 x 25pr. R.M.L.

Caponiers 1 double 5 single

Counterscarp None

galleries

Haxo casemates 1 double 4 single

Moncrieff Pits 2

History and Description

Crownhill Fort was constructed, as a result of the 1860 Royal Commission, to occupy the hill from which it got its name. It was the key of the North Eastern Defences and was designed for an armament of 32 guns on the ramparts, some in Haxo casemates, with 6 mortars in two mortar batteries built into the north and north west ramparts. It has the usual polygonal trace of the 1860s land forts with a deep dry ditch cut into the native rock and caponiers at the salients.

The armament of the fort was revised and updated in in 1875-80 and in 1878-82 the south caponier was used to formulate the approved drill for the 32pr. S.B.B.L. guns. In 1881 the fort was chosen by the Lieut General of Artillery and Stores to be fully armed, with its peace armaments complete, as a typical land fort, together with Southwick Fort at Portsmouth.

The fort was used during WW1 as a recruitment and transit depot for troops en-route to their Turkish and African Fronts. Later during the inter-war years it was first a de-mobilisation depot, and after that a base for the (then) new Corps of Royal Signals, a barrack for the 2nd. battalion the Royal Devonshire Regiment, until WW2 when, after Dunkirk it was converted into a strong point in the 'Plymouth Outer Ring Defences'.

During the 1950s under 'Operation Rotor' it had a Gun Operations Room (G.O.R.), built for AA Command, on the parade ground which incorporated part of the Officers barrack. Latterly it was the H.Q. for Plymouth Garrison and the H.Q. of the Commando Support Squadron R.E. and despatched 647 troops and 1,897 tonnes of War material during the 1982 war. It was released 1985/6 and acquired by the Landmark Trust, who are actively conserving and restoring it.

Crownhill Fort



